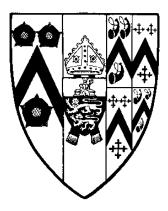
Brasenose College

Trustee Report and Accounts

For the year ended 31 July 2017



Registered Charity 1143447

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Brasenose College Governing Body, Officers and Advisers Year ended 31 July 2017

MEMBERS OF THE GOVERNING BODY

The Members of the Governing Body are the College's charity trustees under charity law. The members of the Governing Body who served in office as trustees during the year or subsequently are detailed below.

Principal:

Mr John Bowers QC

Prof Konstantin Ardakov

Dr Ed Bispham

Rev Julia Baldwin (from Oct 2017) Dr Geoff Bird (from January 2017)

Dr Harvey Burd

Prof Richard Cooper (retired Sept 2016)
Prof Ron Daniel (retired Sept 2017)

Prof Anne Davies
Dr Elias Dinas
Dr Anne Edwards
Dr Sos Eltis

Prof Rui Esteves
Prof Rob Fender
Prof Eamonn Gaffney
Prof Elspeth Garman
Prof Abigail Green
Prof David Groiser

Prof Birke Haecker (from Oct 2016)

Prof Guy Houlsby
Prof William James
Prof Jonathan Jones

Revd Dr Dominic Keech (resigned Dec 2016)

Prof Ian Kiaer (from Oct 2016)

Prof Thomas Krebs

Prof Paul Klenerman (resigned December 2016)

Prof Owen Lewis

Prof Christopher McKenna

Dr Elizabeth Miller Dr Llewelyn Morgan

Dr Sonali Nag (from January 2017)

Prof Conrad Nieduszynski

Prof Simon Palfrey Mr Philip Parker Prof Adam Perry

Dr David Popplewell (retired Sept 2017)

Prof Nicholas Purcell
Dr Ferdinand Rauch
Prof Jeremy Robertson
Prof Andrea Ruggeri

Dr Simon Shogry (from Oct 2017)

Dr Simon Smith
Dr Alan Strathern
Prof William Swadling

Prof Eric Thun

Dr Christopher Timpson

Prof Giles Wiggs Prof Mark Wilson Prof Giovanni Zifarelli

Brasenose College Governing Body, Officers and Advisers Year ended 31 July 2017

The activities of the Governing Body are carried out through a number of committees. The major committees are listed below. Membership is for the **2016/17** academic year, and committee members are also members of Governing Body unless otherwise indicated by #.

Academic Committee

Principal

Vice-Principal

Bursar

Senior Tutor

Tutor for Graduates Fellow Librarian

Dr Harvey Burd

Dr Elias Dinas

Professor Mark Wilson

Professor Conrad Nieduszynski

Development Committee

Principal

Director of Development

Bursar

Vice-Principal

Prof Richard Cooper #

Curator of Common Room (Prof Rui Esteves)

Prof Adam Perry

Editor of Brazen Nose (Dr Llewelyn Morgan)

President of Brasenose Society (# Mr Harry Nicholson)

Estates and Finance Committee

Principal

Vice-Principal

Bursar

Senior Tutor

Prof Giles Wiggs

Prof Jeremy Robertson

Dr Chris Timpson

Dr Ferdinand Rauch

Dr Andrea Ruggeri

Investment Advisory Committee

Principal

Bursar

Prof R Daniel Prof Giles Wiggs

Mr David Watts (# Matriculated 1968)

Prof Simon Palfrey

Mr Mark Boulton (# Matriculated 1984)

Mr Charles Scott (# Matriculated 1976)

Mr Gerald Smith (# Matriculated 1985

Mr Nigel Wightman (# Matriculated 1971)

Human Resources Committee

Principal

Bursar

Senior Tutor

Domestic Bursar #

Prof Anne Davies

Dr Anne Edwards

Professor Rob Fender

Dr Chris Timpson

Remuneration Committee

Prof Andrew Burrows (# Honorary Fellow)

Prof John Jeffreys (# Senior Kurti Fellow)

Prof Peter Sinclair (# Emeritus Fellow)

Prof Nicholas Purcell

Liz Padmore (#Matriculated 1974)

COLLEGE OFFICERS AND SENIOR STAFF

The principal officers and senior staff of the Coll	lege to whom day-to-day management is delegated were:
Vice-Principal:	Prof Sos Eltis
Bursar:	Philip Parker
Senior Tutor:	Dr Simon Smith
Tutor for Graduates:	Prof Elspeth Garman
Chaplain:	Revd Dr Dominic Keech (resigned Dec 2016) Revd Prof Judith Brown (Interim Chaplain, Jan – Sept 2017) Revd Julia Baldwin (from Sept 2017)
Dean:	Dr David Popplewell
Director of Development & Alumni Relations:	Dr Elizabeth Miller
Domestic Bursar:	Matthew Hill
College Accountant:	Julia Palejowksa (resigned Dec 2016) Gillian Chandler (from Jan 2017)
HR Manager:	Julia Dewar

Brasenose College Governing Body, Officers and Advisers Year ended 31 July 2017

COLLEGE ADVISERS

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP 3140 John Smith Drive Oxford Business Park South, Oxford OX4 2WB

Bankers

Barclays Commercial Bank plc Southern Team Apex Plaza 4th Floor Forbury Rd Reading RG1 1AX

Solicitors (Property)

Knights (formerly Darbys Solicitors LLP) Midland House West Way Botley Oxford OX2 0PH

Solicitors (General)

Blake Morgan LLP Seacourt Tower West Way Oxford OX2 0FB

Land Agent

Bidwells LLP Seacourt Tower, West Way, Oxford OX2 0JJ

COLLEGE ADDRESS

Brasenose College Radcliffe Square Oxford OX1 4AJ

www.bnc.ox.ac.uk

The Members of the Governing Body present their Annual Report for the year ended 31 July 2017 under the Charities Act 2011 together with the audited financial statements for the year.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

The King's Hall and College of Brasenose in Oxford, which is known as Brasenose College, ("the College") is an eleemosynary chartered charitable corporation aggregate. It was founded by William Smyth, Bishop of Lincoln, and Sir Richard Sutton, a lawyer, in 1509, and received its royal charter from Henry VIII in 1511.

The object of the College is to advance education, learning, religion and research, for the public benefit, through the provision, support and conduct of a perpetual College in the University of Oxford. The College registered with the Charity Commission on 18 August 2011 (registered number 1143447).

The names of all members of the Governing Body at the date of this report and of those in office during the year, together with details of the senior staff and advisers of the College, are given on pages 2 to 5.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

The College is governed by its Statutes dated 28 April 1954, as amended in December 1999, May 2013 and most recently May 2016, which were approved by Her Majesty in Council on 15 February 2017.

Governing Body

The Governing Body is constituted and regulated in accordance with the College statutes, the terms of which are enforceable ultimately by the Visitor, who is the Bishop of Lincoln. The Governing Body is self-appointing. The Governing Body determines the ongoing strategic direction of the College and regulates its administration and the management of its finances and assets. It meets at least eleven times per year under the leadership of the Principal. It delegates many of its governance functions to governance and advisory committees, of which those with the widest remit are listed on page 3, and it delegates day-to-day management of the College to the Officers and senior members of staff, listed on page 4.

The majority of Governing Body consists of Tutorial Fellows who are jointly appointed with the University because of their academic excellence and suitability to meet teaching and research needs of the College. The Governing Body also includes Professorial Fellows, who are employed by the University, Official Fellows, who are College Officers appointed to fulfil specific administrative or managerial roles in the College and some Supernumerary Fellows.

New members of the Governing Body are usually recruited by advertisement and inducted into the workings of the College, including Governing Body policy and procedures, by the Principal and Officers.

Remuneration of Members of the Governing Body and Senior College Staff

No Fellows receive remuneration or benefits from their trusteeship of the College. Those trustees that are also employees of the College receive remuneration for their work as employees of the College, which is set based on the advice of the College's Remuneration Committee, members of which are not in receipt of remuneration from the College. Where possible, remuneration is set in line with that awarded to the University's academic staff.

The remuneration of senior college staff is set in accordance with policies agreed by Human Resources Committee in line with relevant University of Oxford grades

Group structure and relationships

The College administers many special trusts, as detailed in Notes 18 to 19 to the financial statements.

The College also has a wholly owned non-charitable subsidiary, Brasenose Limited, whose annual profits are donated to the College under the gift aid scheme. This subsidiary undertakes the College's trading activities, including the sale of merchandise and commercial events and conferences. It has also undertaken significant building works in the past. The subsidiary's aims, objectives and achievements are covered in the relevant sections of this report.

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and the College arise because of this relationship. Where applicable, and particularly on matters relating to the recruitment and teaching of students and academic staff, the College liaises closely with the University and the other Colleges.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Charitable Objects and Aims

The object of the College is to advance education, learning, religion and research, for the public benefit, through the provision, support and conduct of a perpetual college in the University of Oxford.

The Governing Body has considered the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit and, in keeping with its objects, the College provides public benefit by offering, in conjunction with the University of Oxford's departments and faculties, higher education to graduates and undergraduates, and by supporting the pursuit of publicly disseminated research.

The objective of the College's subsidiary is to help finance the achievement of the College's aims as above.

Activities and objectives of the College

Brasenose College advances learning, for the benefit of the public, by providing higher education for undergraduate and postgraduate students within Oxford University, and by supporting the pursuit of publicly disseminated research.

On the census date of 1 December 2016, Brasenose had 126 postgraduate research students, 83 postgraduate taught students, 356 undergraduate students, and 4 recognised visiting students, making a total of 569 students of all types. The College has 32 Tutorial Fellows who have contractual obligations to teach and to undertake research, 2 Official Fellows (the Bursar and Senior Tutor), 4 Professorial Fellows, 16 Supernumerary Fellows, 14 Senior or Junior Kurti/Golding Research Fellows, and 39 College Lecturers.

In Brasenose, as in all of the collegiate University of Oxford, the tutorial system underpins undergraduate teaching, providing students with the opportunity to receive personal or small group tuition from a Fellow or Lecturer on at least a weekly basis during term time. In addition, the College provides classes, seminars and other forms of teaching as appropriate. Pastoral and administrative support is provided to students through the undergraduate advisory system, at the hub of which is the College's welfare network and Senior Tutor, who exercises general oversight over undergraduate academic progress. Graduates at the College form an integral part of the academic community. While they are taught or supervised at their University faculty, every graduate student is assigned a College Graduate Adviser who provides academic and pastoral support. The College also appoints a Tutor for Graduates to have general oversight of the academic progress of graduates and their welfare needs.

To enable students to realise their academic potential and develop other personal qualities while at university, the College maintains high-quality facilities, including three libraries, a Chapel, teaching and multi-purpose rooms, and student accommodation. The wider cultural, religious and social development of its students is promoted actively through music and other arts, sports, welfare support, careers advice and other facilities.

Non-academic staff provide medical, catering residential and support services to a very high standard to ensure that students are able to make the most of their membership of College.

The College also advances research across a range of disciplines by employing tutors and lecturers and supporting research fellows. Tutorial Fellows have a contractual and statutory obligation to undertake published research, and are provided with support services and assistance that include the provision of sabbatical leave, research grants, library and computer facilities, office accommodation and meals. The high levels of research activity by College Fellows have been audited by the national Research Assessment Exercise (2008) and by the Research Excellence Framework (2014). Research findings are disseminated through a wide range of media including published papers, books, broadcasts, websites, and lectures. The College also provides financial support to some graduate researchers who, at the beginning of their careers, have demonstrated outstanding early promise in their chosen field of research for a period of up to three years to enable them to concentrate on their topic of research.

Recruitment and support for students

Brasenose College's aim is to admit students who have the greatest potential to benefit from the education offered by the College and the University regardless of family income, previous educational opportunity, or protected characteristics such as ethnic origin, religious observance, gender, or disability. Fellows, lecturers, the Senior Tutor (who is also the Tutor for Admissions), and the Schools Liaison Officer are pro-active in encouraging qualified students from non-traditional backgrounds to apply, particularly those drawn from groups currently under-represented at Oxford. There are no geographical restrictions in the College's objectives; both students and academic staff are drawn from across the UK and other countries.

The College charges students fees, which, where applicable, are set in accordance with rates, approved by Government, and charges for accommodation, meals and other services at reasonable, subsidised rates.

Financial support is available to students to assist them with the costs of tuition fees and living costs whilst at Oxford. In addition to student loans provided by the Student Loans Company, which remain available to undergraduates from within the EU, other financial support such as bursaries is available to UK undergraduates who are from households where income is below a certain level. In the 2016/17 academic year 69 students (over 20% of the College's UK undergraduates) received a total of £185,000 under this bursary scheme (2015/16 69 students received £185,000). A third of these students received £3,300, the maximum award, with some receiving an additional first year allowance. In addition, in 2016/17 the College awarded a total of £108,000 to undergraduate and graduate students in the form of hardship grants, bursaries, travel grants and vacation residence grants for the support of both academic and extra-curricular activities, funded by the College's 'Greatest Need' and Student Support Annual Funds. (2015/16 £107,000).

Graduate funding is available predominantly in the form of either Research Council awards or scholarship funds administered and awarded by the College and University divisions jointly. In 2016/17, approximately 30 students received a total of £164,000 from College funds for these studentships (in 2015/16, 30 students received £212,000). In addition during the year the College provided £20,000 in smaller grants and scholarships to support the academic studies of its postgraduate students (2015/16 £26,000).

The College also awarded £20,000 in academic prizes to undergraduates and graduates in the year (2015/16 £31,000). Prizes are awarded based on academic excellence and serve to encourage academic endeavour at the College.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

Over the past 12 months, Brasenose's reputation for excellence in learning and research has been reflected in the achievements of its students and academics. 95 undergraduates completed Final Honours School examinations and graduated in June. There were 38 Firsts, 56 Upper-Seconds, and 1 Lower-Second. For the fifth successive year, no student graduated with a Third-Class degree and there were no unclassified students. Results in the First Public Examination (Honour Moderations or Prelims) were as follows: of the 105 students sitting these examinations, 31 obtained a distinction, partial distinction, or (where the result was classified) a

First, while 69 achieved a pass or an Upper-Second and 6 students obtained a partial pass, all of whom successfully passed after resitting.

The following undergraduates were awarded prizes in recognition of their performances in University examinations:

Matthew Burwood (Physics & Philosophy, Year 3): Gibbs Prize for Philosophy in Part B of MPhysPhil

Gregory Coates (Ancient & Modern History, Year 3): Arnold Ancient History Prize for the best thesis in Ancient History in the Honour Schools of Literae Humaniores, Ancient & Modern History and Classical Archaeology & Ancient History

Emily Cunningham (Modern Languages, Year 4): proxime accessit for Gibbs Prize for Honour School

Paul Fradley (Law, Year 3): 5 Stone Building Prize for Trusts; Law Faculty Prize for Personal Property; Littleton Chambers Prize in Labour Law; proxime accessit for Wronker Law Prize; and proxime accessit for Gibbs Prize

Alexander Georgiou (Law, Year 3): Wronker Law Prize; 3 Verulam Buildings Prize in Commercial Law; White & Case Prize in Comparative Private Law; and proxime accessit for Gibbs Prize

Walter Goodwin (Engineering, Year 3): Gibbs Prize

Leon Horvat-Savic (History & Modern Languages, Year 1): Mrs Claude Beddington Prize for outstanding performance in French in Modern Languages Prelims.

Peter Kerr-Davis (English, Year 3): Charles Oldham Shakespeare Prize for highest mark in Finals in Shakespeare

Edward Lavender (Biology, Year 3): Gibbs Prize for best candidate

Yeming Li (History & Economics, Year 3): Dissertation Prize in British Maritime History awarded by the British Commission for Maritime History

James Maye (Medicine, Year 3): Association of Physicians Prize for an innovative project demonstrating the promotion of academic medicine and nominated for British Society for Immunology Undergraduate Prize

Ben Singer (Physics & Philosophy, Year 4): Gibbs Prize for Physics in Part C of MPhysPhil

On the graduate side, academic results were also encouraging. From 1 October 2016 to 30 September 2017, the College's taught masters students achieved 13 distinctions and 31 passes. 5 students suspended or requested submission extensions rolling forward into the next academic year. During the same period, one Brasenose graduate completed the MPhil by research, one completed the MSc. by research and 19 Brasenose graduates completed DPhils successfully. 13 graduate students were awarded University prizes.

During the year, Prof Geoff Bird was appointed Official Fellow in Psychology. Professor Sonali Nag and Professor Charles Hulme were elected Supernumerary Fellow and Senior Kurti Fellow in Education. Ms Gillian Hamnett was elected Supernumerary Fellow tied to her University appointment as Director of Student Welfare and Support Services.

In 2016-17, the College awarded two Honorary Fellowships to members of the College: Nobel Laureate, Professor Michael Kosterlitz (1966) and Mr Mohamed Amersi (2014).

Undergraduate Admissions and Outreach

Brasenose aims to admit as undergraduates those individuals demonstrating the greatest potential for benefitting from the educational opportunities offered by the College and University. The strength of recruitment is evidenced by the fact that the College received 10 applications for every place available. The exceptional quality of candidates is reflected in the fact that 103 direct applicants received offers from other Colleges in addition to the 113 Brasenose offer-holders. Open Days contribute significantly to these outcomes: over the

course of the three June and September Open Days, the College welcomed in the region of 6,000 visitors through the main gate.

Outreach activity and schools liaison seek to encourage gifted students from under-represented backgrounds to consider applying to the University of Oxford, as well as maintaining links with those schools which have a tradition of Oxford applications. The College is an extremely active participant in outreach and schools liaison and in 2016-17 again made the most school contacts of any college.

While the pursuit of academic excellence remains Brasenose's primary aim, the College provides a rich social and cultural space for students and academics to enjoy, acknowledging the contribution that sport, music, and the arts make to the community. The initiative for the majority of activities taking place during term time springs from junior members. Particularly noteworthy events and achievements are reported in the news section of the College's website https://www.bnc.ox.ac.uk/about-brasenose/news and in the College magazine, the Brazen Nose.

Improving the College Buildings

During the year the College commissioned the third and final phase of the development of the Library. This included restoration of the main Library and History Library, the restoration of the Cloisters to provide additional study space for students and the provision of a new archive store. The project was completed in September 2017.

The College also started to develop plans for provision of more accommodation for undergraduates within the Frewin annex and for graduates at the sportsground. These plans will be financed by the proceeds of the new loan, issued by the College in April 2017. The College also started to develop a strategy for development of the buildings over the next 20 or 30 years, to ensure that the next phases of development are consistent with future opportunities and needs. This strategy is expected to be completed in 2018.

Fundraising

The College benefits from significant support from former students, staff and friends. Many gave generously of their time to provide mentoring and career advice to the current students. We are particularly grateful to the alumni who serve on the Brasenose Society Committee and the Investment Advisory Committee for their time and invaluable expertise.

Philanthropic support for the College is essential to the maintenance of high standards in teaching, research and student support and the excellence of the facilities. Total income in the year from donations and legacies was £2,809,533 (2016 £5,344,000).

The College is very grateful to over one thousand alumni who supported the Annual Fund with gifts totalling £505,114 (2016: £473,000), and also to the donors who were able to make a permanent contribution to the financial well-being of the College with gifts to the endowment totalling in this year £403,425 (2016: £2,053,000). This includes a donation of £1,500,000 towards the development of Lecture Room XI. Other gifts including legacies totalled £74,000 (2016: £74,000).

The College's approach to fundraising is in accordance with its charitable objectives.

A professional fundraising company is used to support college staff during two annual telephone fundraising events where resources are not available within the college. All contracts with professional fundraisers are monitored and there have been no failures' in compliance with the standards of the college.

The College actively manages and reviews all contractual relationships including those relating to fundraising activities and no complaints have been received about fundraising for the charity.

Through regular staff training the college continues to ensure it protects vulnerable people and others from unreasonable intrusion into a person's privacy, unreasonably persistent approaches or undue pressure to give, in the course of or in connection with fundraising for the charity.

Loan

In April 2017 the College issued £20m of unsecured loan notes, repayable in 2057, with a fixed interest rate of 2.62%. The proceeds will be used to finance the proposed new student accommodation at Frewin and on the edge of the sportsground, with the balance invested alongside the endowment. The College also has a £9m loan repayable in 2048. At 31 July 2017, the College's net debt stood at 17% of net assets.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The College's consolidated total funds increased by £15.2m in the year, standing at £164.7m at 31 July 2017 (£149.6m at 31 July 2016). The endowment funds increased by £12.9m to £138.9m, the restricted funds increased by £0.7m to £5.3m and the College's unrestricted funds increased by £1.6m to £20.5m.

The College's incoming resources were £11.5m in the year, compared with £14.1m in 2016. Tuition and Research income remained constant at £2.5m, with residential income increasing slightly to £3.5m (2016 £3.5m). It is College policy to subsidise residential provision to students. This supports the charitable objective of the advancement of education for the public benefit and to support access to the most academically gifted regardless of financial background.

The endowment funds saw a net outflow of £1.1m, before the attribution of investment gains on land and property of £0.75m and gains on the investment portfolio of £13.2m (2016 £2.4m and £9.7m respectively), which brought the closing value of the endowment to £138.9m. The College's investment policy ensures a diversified asset allocation that helps mitigate shocks in parts of the market, such as seen since the EU referendum, and which, together with the investment return spending policy, is designed with a view to ensuring financial sustainability.

The unrestricted funds saw an inflow of £1.6m, ending the year at £20.5m, representing general and designated funds which are consistent with the reserves policy. There are no funds, restricted or unrestricted, that were in deficit at the balance sheet date.

Reserves policy

The College's reserves policy is to maintain free reserves of between 3 and 6 months of expected expenditure at the end of each financial year. These reserves are required in order to provide both working capital to finance the College operations, despite the uneven pattern of receipts which are weighted to the start of the academic year, and some reserves to enable it to meet its short-term financial obligations without interruption to services in the event of an unexpected revenue shortfall or increase in financial liabilities.

Free reserves are net current assets that are not restricted or designated and exclude loan proceeds allocated for operational purposes (student accommodation).

The College's free reserves at the year-end amounted to £2.7m (2016 as re-stated under FRS102 £3.5m), representing 2.8 months of expected expenditure.

Risk management

The College has on-going processes, which operated throughout the financial year for identifying, evaluating and managing the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the College and its subsidiary in undertaking their activities. When it is not able to address risk issues using internal resources, the College takes advice from experts external to the College with specialist knowledge. The relevant College committee, chaired by the Principal or other relevant officer, reviews policies and procedures within the College. The Estates and Finance Committee, which receives advice on investment risks from the Investment Advisory Committee, assess financial risks. The Health and Safety Committee meets regularly to review health and safety issues and reports at least once a year on health and safety matters to Governing Body. Training courses and other forms of career development are available, when requested, to members of staff to enhance their skills in risk-related areas.

The Governing Body, who have ultimate responsibility for managing any risks faced by the College, have reviewed the processes in place for managing risk and the principal identified risks to which the College and its subsidiary are exposed and have concluded that robust systems are in place to manage these risks.

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the College and its subsidiaries that have been identified are categorised as follows:

- Failure to attract admit and retain sufficiently high quality students from diverse backgrounds. This is
 mitigated by active outreach programmes and intensive admissions processes, and on course, intensive
 feedback and welfare support;
- Failure to attract and retain leading academics. Remuneration is monitored by an independent committee, the College is committed to preserving academic reputation, and supports academics in their research activities;
- Failure to protect the real value of the endowment. This is monitored by a committee containing experts in investment management, and mitigated through a diversified investment strategy and a prudent spending rule;
- Fraud is a risk in any complex organisation, and is mitigated in the college by robust purchasing controls, financial procedures and strong budgetary management;
- Risk of shortfalls in income generation from donations or commercial and conference business are managed by close monitoring and management, and by diversity of income streams;
- Other risks relating to the operational activities of the college such as employment of staff and use of IT
 are managed through the implementation and monitoring of clear procedures, and where appropriate,
 technology.

Investment policy, objectives and performance

The College's investment objectives are to balance current and future beneficiary needs by:

- maintaining (at least) the value of the investments in real terms;
- producing a consistent and sustainable amount to support expenditure; and
- Delivering these objectives within acceptable levels of risk.

To meet the objectives the College's investments as a whole are managed on a total return basis, maintaining diversification across a range of asset classes in order to produce an appropriate balance between risk and return. In line with this approach, the College statutes allow the College to invest permanent endowments to maximise the related total return and to make available for expenditure each year an appropriate proportion of the unapplied total return.

The Governing Body as advised by the Investment Advisory Committee from time to time sets the investment policy and strategy. The Investment Advisory Committee regularly monitors performance. At the year-end, the College's gross investments, combining the securities and property investments, totalled £150.9m (2016 £124.3m). This included loan proceeds of £12.0m and net assets of £138.9m. The overall total investment return was 16.3% over the 12 months to 30 June 2017 and 11.1% per year over the last three years, comfortably exceeding its benchmark target of 3.5% over RPI.

The carrying value of the preserved permanent capital (the trust for investment) and the amount of any unapplied total return available for expenditure was taken as the open market values (fair value) of these funds as at 1 August 2002 together with the original gift value of all subsequent endowment received.

On the total return basis of investing, it is the Governing Body's policy to extract as income 3.5% (after costs) of the value of the relevant investments. However, to smooth and moderate the amounts withdrawn this 3.5% is calculated on the average of the year-end values in each of the last five years. Due to increasing investment values over the previous five years, the amounts withdrawn were equivalent to 3.2% of the opening value of the securities and property investments after costs. The Governing Body will keep the level of income withdrawn under review to balance the needs and interests of current and future beneficiaries of the College's activities, and has agreed to reduce the spend rate to 3.4% in 2017-18 financial year in the light of very strong recent returns and the increased possibility of lower returns in future because of economic uncertainty.

Plans

The College will continue to recruit the best possible students from the widest possible backgrounds, with particular energy directed to encouraging applicants from schools that do not traditionally send students to Oxford. Brasenose will share with the University the costs of supporting those students from families with lower incomes through Oxford's package of fee waivers and bursaries, which is the most generous universal package offered by any English University.

The College will continue to recruit and retain excellent academics to carry out research, and to provide academic teaching and guidance to its students so they can achieve to the best of their abilities, and to provide the facilities and environment required for the development and enjoyment of students outside their academic studies.

The College will seek financial support for the development of all its activities and particularly for the support of students, the endowment of Fellowships, and for the development of its facilities, both through donations and where appropriate by accessing capital markets.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING RESPONSIBILITIES

The Governing Body is responsible for preparing the Report of the Governing Body and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Governing Body to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Governing Body have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102: The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Under charity law, the Governing Body must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and of its net income or expenditure for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Governing Body is required to:

- select the most suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards, including FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- State whether a Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applies and has been followed, subject to any material departures, which are explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the College will continue to operate.

The Governing Body is responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the College's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the College and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the College and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Governing Body on 29th November 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

John Bowers QC Principal

Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Brasenose College

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Brasenose College (the 'parent charity') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 July 2017 which comprise the -Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102; The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and College's affairs as at 31 July 2017 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including the group's and the College's income and expenditure for the for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group and College in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Who we are reporting to

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 154 of the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group or the College's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' Annual Report‡, set out on pages 6 to 13 other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance

Brasenose College Report of the Auditor Year ended 31 July 2017

conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or

the parent charity has not kept sufficient accounting records; or

the parent charity's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and College's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or parent charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants Oxford

Date:

Grant Thornton UK LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

1. Scope of the financial statements

The financial statements present the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA), the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the College and its wholly owned subsidiary Brasenose Limited. No separate SOFA has been presented for the College alone as currently permitted by the Charity Commission on a concessionary basis for the filing of consolidated financial statements. A summary of the results and financial position of the charity and the subsidiary for the reporting year are disclosed in note 12.

2. Basis of accounting

The College's individual and consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, in particular 'FRS 102: The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102).

The College is a public benefit entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and a registered charity. The College has therefore also prepared its individual and consolidated financial statements in accordance with 'The Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with FRS 102' (The Charities SORP (FRS 102)).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement of investments and certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value with movements in value reported within the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA).

The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below and have been applied consistently throughout the year.

3. Accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

In preparing financial statements, it is necessary to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. The following judgements and estimates are considered by the Governing Body to have most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

- I. Discount rate. Where long-term liabilities, assets, or other financial instruments are required to be discounted to net present value under FRS102, a rate of 3.5% is used.
- II. Investment properties are held at fair value, based on an estimated open market value on an existing use basis. There is inherent uncertainty in such valuation, but potential uplift for, for example, development opportunities is not reflected, thus ensuring that the valuation is not overstated.
- III. Pledged or legacy income that is recognised when probable, rather than certain, could potentially fail to be fulfilled. Any major donation that is recognised before having been received in full will be identified in the notes to the accounts.

4. Income recognition

All income is recognised once the College has entitlement to the income, the economic benefit is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

(a) Income from fees, HEFCE support and other charges for services

Fees receivable, less any scholarships, bursaries or other allowances granted from the College unrestricted funds; HEFCE support and charges for services and use of the premises are recognised in the period in which the related service is provided.

(b) Income from donations, grants and legacies

Donations and grants that do not impose specific future performance-related or other specific conditions are recognised on the date on which the charity has entitlement to the resource, the amount can be reliably measured and the economic benefit to the College of the donation or grant is probable. Donations and grants subject to performance-related conditions are recognised as and when those conditions are met. Donations and grants subject to other specific conditions are recognised as those conditions are met or

their fulfilment is wholly within the control of the College and it is probable that the specified conditions will be met.

Legacies are recognised following grant of probate and once the College has received sufficient information from the executor(s) of the deceased's estate to be satisfied that the gift can be reliably measured and that the economic benefit to the College is probable. Donations and grants accruing for the general purposes of the College are credited to unrestricted funds. Legacies for general purposes are credited to expendable endowment funds.

Donations, grants and legacies that are subject to conditions as to their use imposed by the donor are credited to the relevant restricted fund or, where the donation, grant or legacy is required to be held as capital, to the endowment funds. Where donations are received in kind (as distinct from cash or other monetary assets), they are measured at the fair value of those assets at the date of the gift.

(c) Investment income

Interest on bank balances is accounted for on an accrual basis with interest recognised in the period to which the interest relates. Income from fixed interest debt securities is recognised using the effective interest rate method. Interest on bank balances and fixed interest securities is accounted for in the period to which the interest relates.

Dividend income and similar distributions are recognised on the date the share interest becomes exdividend or when the right to the dividend can be established.

Income from investment properties is recognised accounted for in the period to which the rental income relates.

5. Expenditure

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. A liability and related expenditure is recognised when a legal or constructive obligation commits the College to expenditure that will probably require settlement, the amount of which can be reliably measured or estimated.

Grants awarded that are not performance-related are charged as an expense as soon as a legal or constructive obligation for their payment arises. Grants subject to performance-related conditions are expensed as the specified conditions of the grant are met.

All expenditure including support costs and governance costs are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure categories in the Statement of Financial Activities (the SOFA).

Support costs which includes governance costs (costs of complying with constitutional and statutory requirements) and other indirect costs are apportioned to expenditure categories in the SOFA based on the estimated amount attributable to that activity in the year, either by reference to staff time or the use made of the underlying assets, as appropriate. Irrecoverable VAT is included with the item of expenditure to which it relates.

Intra-group sales and charges between the College and its subsidiaries are excluded from trading income and expenditure in the consolidated financial statements.

6. Leases

Leases of assets that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the College are classified as finance leases. The costs of the assets held under finance leases are included within fixed assets and depreciation is charged over the shorter of the lease term and the assets' useful lives. Assets are assessed for impairment at each reporting date. The corresponding capital obligations under these leases are shown as liabilities and recognised at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between capital repayment and finance charges in the SOFA so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the SOFA on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease terms. Any lease incentives are recognised over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

7. Tangible fixed assets

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Expenditure on the acquisition or enhancement of land and on the acquisition, construction and enhancement of buildings, which is directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use and amounting to more than £10,000 together with expenditure on equipment costing more than £10,000, is capitalised.

Where a part of a building or equipment is replaced and the costs capitalised, the carrying value of those parts replaced is no longer recognised as an asset and is taken as an expense in the SOFA.

Other expenditure on equipment incurred in the normal day-to-day running of the College and its subsidiaries is charged to the SOFA as incurred.

8. Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of all relevant tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, in equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold properties, including major extensions 50 years

Leasehold properties 50 years or period of lease if shorter Building improvements 50 years or period of lease if shorter Plant and Machinery 20 years

Computer Systems and Equipment 4 years

Freehold land is not depreciated. The cost of maintenance is charged in the SOFA in the period in which it is incurred.

At the end of each reporting period, the residual values and useful economic lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted if necessary. In addition, if events or changes in circumstances indicated that the carrying value may not be recoverable, the carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment.

9. Heritage Assets

The College does not have any assets that it considers should be treated as heritage assets under FRS102, as all such assets are used for operational purposes, to meet the college's charitable objects of education, learning, religion and research.

10. Investments

As allowable under FRS102 the College has adopted the option to apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of sections 11 & 12 of FRS102.

Investment properties are initially recognised at their cost and subsequently measured at their fair value at each reporting date, as assessed annually by the Trustees based on estimated open market values on an existing use basis, after taking advice from the College Property Advisers. A formal valuation is undertaken every 5 years. Purchases and sales of investment properties are recognised on exchange of contracts.

Listed investments are initially measured at their cost and subsequently measured at their fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is based on their quoted price at the balance sheet date without deduction of the estimated future selling costs.

Investments such as hedge funds and private equity funds which have no readily identifiable market value are initially measured at their costs and subsequently measured at their fair value at each reporting date

without deduction of the estimated future selling costs. Fair value is based on the most recent valuations available from their respective fund managers.

Other unquoted investments are valued using primary valuation techniques such as earnings multiples, recent transactions and net assets where reliable estimates can be made – otherwise at cost less any impairment.

Changes in fair value and gains and losses arising on the disposal of investments are credited or charged to the income or expenditure section of the SOFA as 'gains or losses on investments' and are allocated to the fund holding or disposing of the relevant investment.

11. Other Financial Instruments

a. Derivatives

The College does not currently invest in derivatives. These include forward foreign currency contracts which are used to reduce exposure to foreign exchange rates, and interest rate swaps that are used to adjust interest rate exposures. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the date the contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are credited or charged to the income or expenditure section of the SOFA. Hedge accounting is not currently applied to derivatives.

b. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at banks and in hand and short term deposits with an initial maturity date of three months or less.

c. Debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors receivable or payable within one year of the reporting date are carried at their transaction price. Debtors and creditors that are receivable or payable in more than one year and not subject to a market rate of interest are measured at the present value of the expected future receipts or payment discounted at a market rate of interest.

12. Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, cost being the purchase price on a first in, first out basis.

13. Foreign currencies

The functional and presentation currency of the College and its subsidiaries is the pound sterling.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies during the year are translated into pounds sterling using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into pounds sterling at the rates applying at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the exchange rates at the reporting date are recognised in the income and expenditure section of the SOFA.

14. Total Return investment accounting

The College statutes authorise the College to adopt a 'total return' basis for the investment of its permanent endowment. The College can invest its permanent endowments without regard to the capital/income distinctions of standard trust law and with discretion to apply any part of the accumulated total return on the investment as income for spending each year. Until this power is exercised, the total return is accumulated as a component of the endowment known as the unapplied total return that can be either be retained for investment or release to income at the discretion of the Governing Body.

The Governing Body has decided that it is in the best interests of the College to account for its invested expendable endowment capital in the same way, though there is no legal restriction on the power to spend such capital.

For the carrying value of the preserved permanent capital, the Trustees have taken its open market value as at 1 August 2002, together with the original gift value of all subsequent endowments received.

15. Fund accounting

The total funds of the College and its subsidiaries are allocated to unrestricted, restricted or endowment funds based on the origins of the funds and the terms set by the donors. Endowment funds are further subdivided into permanent and expendable.

Unrestricted funds can be used in furtherance of the objects of the College at the discretion of the Governing Body. The Governing Body may decide that part of the unrestricted funds shall be used in future for transfers to appropriate designated funds will account for a specific purpose and this.

Restricted funds comprise gifts, legacies and grants where the donors have specified that the funds are to be used for particular purposes of the college. They consist of either gifts where the donor has specified that both the capital and any income arising must be used for the purposes given or the income on gifts where the donor has required that the capital be maintained and the income used for specific purposes.

Permanent endowment funds arise where donors specify that the funds should be retained as capital for the permanent benefit of the College. Any part of the total return arising from the capital that is allocated to income will be accounted for as unrestricted funds unless the donor has placed restricted the use of that income, in which case it will be accounted for as a restricted fund.

Expendable endowment funds are similar to permanent endowment in that they have been given, or the College has determined based on the circumstances that they have been given, for the long-term benefit of the College. However, the Governing Body may at their discretion determine to spend all or part of the capital.

16. Pension costs

The costs of retirement benefits provided to employees of the College through three multi-employer defined pension schemes are accounted for as if these were defined contribution schemes as information is not available to use defined benefit accounting in accordance with the requirements of FRS 102. The College's contributions to these schemes are recognised as a liability and an expense in the period in which the salaries to which the contributions relate are payable.

In addition, a liability is recognised at the balance sheet date for the discounted value of the expected future contribution payments under the agreements with these multi-employer schemes to fund the past service deficits.

		Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowed	2017	2016
		Funds	Funds	Funds	Total	Total
	Notes	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM:						
Charitable activities:						
Teaching, research and residential	1	5,978	-	-	5,978	5,860
Other Trading Income	3	225	-	-	225	212
Donations and legacies	2	2,031	374	403	2,808	5,344
Investments						
Investment income	4	64	-	2,420	2,484	2,671
Total return allocated to income	13	3,435	450	(3,885)	-	-
Other income		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	36
Total income		11,733	824	(1,063)	11,495	14,123
EXPENDITURE ON:						
Charitable activities:						
Teaching, research and residential		9,349	157	-	9,506	9,509
Generating funds:						
Fundraising		656	-	-	656	594
Trading expenditure		71	-	-	71	68
Investment management costs		23	-	46	69	233
Total Expenditure		10,099	157	46	10,302	10,404
Net Income/(Expenditure) before gains		1,634	667	(1,109)	1,192	3,719
Net gains/(losses) on investments	10, 11	-	-	13,995	13,995	12,140
Net Income/(Expenditure)		1,634	667	12,886	15,187	15,859
Transfers between funds	18	- -	-	-	-	-
Net movement in funds for the year		1,634	667	12,886	15,187	15,859
•	18	,		•	•	,
Fund balances brought forward	18	18,943	4,616	125,995	149,554	133,695
Funds carried forward at 31 July		20,577	5,283	138,881	164,742	149,554

Brasenose College Consolidated and College Balance Sheets As at 31 July 2017

	Notes	2017 Group £'000	2016 Group £'000	2017 College £'000	2016 College £'000
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9	26,869	25,536	27,303	25,973
Property investments	10	34,251	33,525	34,251	33,525
Other Investments	11	111,684	91,105	111,684	91,105
Total Fixed Assets	_	172,804	150,166	173,238	150,603
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		262	265	257	257
Debtors	14	4,872	4,910	4,978	4,967
Investments		7,000	3,000	7,000	3,000
Cash at bank and in hand		11,661	3,006	11,466	2,873
Total Current Assets	_	23,795	11,181	23,701	11,097
LIABILITIES					
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	15	1,925	1,357	2,153	1,217
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_	21,870	9,824	21,548	9,880
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		194,674	159,990	194,786	160,483
CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year	16	29,000	9,000	29,000	9,000
Provisions for liabilities and charges	17	50	50	50	50
NET ASSETS BEFORE PENSION ASSET OR LIABILITY	_	165,624	150,940	165,736	151,433
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	22	882	1,386	883	1,386
TOTAL NET ASSETS	_	164,742	149,554	164,853	150,047
FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE	18				
Endowment funds		138,846	125,995	138,846	125,995
Restricted funds		3,530	4,616	3,530	4,616
Unrestricted funds					
Designated funds		2,589	686	2,589	686
General funds		19,605	18,085	19,716	18,578
Pension reserve	22	172	172	172	172
	_	164,742	149,554	164,853	150,047

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Governing Body of Brasenose College on

Trustee:

Trustee:

Brasenose College Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 July 2017

		2017	2016
	Notes	£'000	£'000
Net cash used in operating activities	25	(266)	(1,703)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Dividends, interest and rents from investments		2,484	2,671
Finance costs paid		(576)	(413)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(2,074)	(1,824)
Capital receipts in relation to Investment Land & Property		53	273
Purchase of investment Land & Property		(34)	(5,642)
Proceeds from sale of investments		15,681	23,105
Purchase of investments		(23,012)	(27,208)
Net cash used in investing activities		(7,478)	(9,038)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash inflows from new borrowing		20,000	-
Receipt of endowment		403	2,053
Net cash provided by financing activities		20,403	2,053
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		12,658	(8,688)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		6,003	14,692
Change in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	26	18,661	6,004
, ,	26	18,661	6,004

1	INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES	2017	2016
	Teaching, Research and Residential	£'000	£'000
	Unrestricted funds	2 000	2,000
	Tuition fees - UK and EU students	1,542	1,633
	Tuition fees - Overseas students	604	542
	Other fees	69	75
	Other HEFCE support	180	174
	Other academic income	89	130
	College residential income	3,494	3,306
	Total income from charitable activities	5,978	5,860

The above analysis includes £2,652k received from Oxford University from publicly accountable funds under the CFF Scheme (2016: £2,349k).

	Under the terms of the undergraduate student support package offered by Oxford University to students from lower income households, the coamounted to £19k (2016: £35k). These are not included in the fee income reported above.	llege share of the fe	es waived
2	DONATIONS AND LEGACIES		
		2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	Donations and Legacies Unrestricted funds	2,031	365
	Restricted funds	374	2,926
	Endowed funds	403	2,053
		2,808	5,344
3	INCOME FROM OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES	2017	2016
		2017 £'000	£'000
		2 000	2,000
	Subsidiary company trading income	224	210
	Other trading income	1	2
		225	212
	NU/FOTHENT INCOME		
4	INVESTMENT INCOME	2017	2016
		£'000	£'000
	Unrestricted funds		
	Equity dividends	10	11
	Bank interest Other interest	40 14	51 15
	Otter Interest	64	77
	Endowed funds		
	Agricultural rent	165	164
	Commercial rent Other property income	888 150	620 148
	Equity dividends	1,217	1,560
	Other investment income	· -	87
	Bank interest		15
		2,420	2,594
	Total Investment income	2,484	2,671
5	ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURE		
		2017	2016
	Objects to the control of the contro	£'000	£'000
	Charitable expenditure Direct staff costs allocated to:		
	Priect stant costs anotested to: Teaching, research and residential	4,296	4,097
		1,222	.,
	Other direct costs allocated to:	0.000	0.050
	Teaching, research and residential	2,922	2,853
	Support and governance costs allocated to:		
	Teaching, research and residential	2,286	2,559
	Total charitable expenditure	9,504	9,509
	·		-,

	2017	2016
Expenditure on generating funds	£'000	£'000
Direct staff costs allocated to:		
Fundraising	393	345
Trading expenditure	-	2
Other direct costs allocated to:		
Fundraising	186	171
Trading expenditure	67	38
Investment management costs	47	145
Support and governance costs allocated to:		
Fundraising	77	78
Trading expenditure	4	28
Investment management costs	24	88
Total expenditure on raising funds	798	895
Total expenditure	10,302	10,404

The 2016 resources expended of £10,404k represented £9,553k from unrestricted funds, £618k from restricted funds and £233k from endowed funds.

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute XV of the University of Oxford. The Contribution Fund is used to make grants and loans to colleges on the basis of need. Contributions are calculated annually in accordance with regulations made by the Council of the University of Oxford.

The teaching and research costs include College Contribution payable of £82k (2016 - £62k).

6 ANALYSIS OF SUPPORT AND GOVERNANCE COSTS

		Teaching	
	Generating	and	2017
	Funds	Research	Total
2017	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial administration	50	246	296
Domestic administration	21	509	530
Investment Management	1	-	1
Human resources	4	378	382
IT	26	287	313
Depreciation	-	742	742
Bank interest payable	-	576	576
Other finance charges	-	(474)	(474)
Governance costs	3	22	25
	105	2,286	2,391
		Teaching	
	Generating	and	2016
	Funds	Research	Total
2016	£'000	£'000	£'000
Financial administration	72	273	345
Domestic administration	36	469	505
Investment Management	56		56
Human resources	3	272	275
IT Democration	24	263 673	287 673
Depreciation	•	413	413
Bank interest payable Other finance charges	•	413 172	172
Governance costs	3	24	27
		2,559	2,753

Financial and domestic administration, IT and human resources costs are attributed according to the estimated staff time spent on each activity.

Depreciation costs and profit or loss on disposal of fixed assets are attributed according to the use made of the underlying assets. Interest and other finance charges are attributed according to the purpose of the related financing.

Governance costs are allocated according to the estimated audit workload.

Governance costs comprise:	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Auditor's remuneration - audit services	25	25
Auditor's remuneration - assurance services other than audit	-	
Auditor's remuneration - tax advisory services	-	2
Auditor's remuneration - other services	-	
Legal and other fees on constitutional matters	1	
Other governance costs	-	
	26	27

No amount has been included in governance costs for the direct employment costs or reimbursed expenses of the College Fellows on the basis that these payments relate to the Fellows involvement in the College's charitable activities. Details of the remuneration of the Fellows and their reimbursed expenses are included as a separate note within these financial statements.

7	GRANTS AND AWARDS	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	During the year the College funded research awards and bursaries to students from its restricted and unrestricted fund as follows:		
	Unrestricted funds		
	Grants to individuals:		
	Scholarships, prizes and grants	165	152
	Bursaries and hardship awards	103	1
	Graduate Studentships	52	52
	Total unrestricted	320	205
	Restricted funds		
	Grants to individuals:		
	Scholarships, prizes and grants	20	30
	Bursaries and hardship awards	5	106
	Graduate Studentships	112	160
	Grants to other institutions	-	7
	Total restricted	137	303
	Total grants and awards	457	508

The figure included above represents the cost to the College of the Oxford Bursary scheme. Students of this college received £185k (2016: £185k). Some of those students also received fee waivers amounting to £19k (2016: £35k).

The above costs are included within the charitable expenditure on Teaching and Research. Grants to other institutions comprise an increase in the provision set aside for the sharing of unspent income funds with a common beneficiary.

8 STAFF COSTS

STAFF CUSTS	2017	2016
The aggregate staff costs for the year were as follows.	£'000	£'000
Salaries and wages	4,435	4,250
Social security costs	334	294
Pension costs:		
Defined benefit schemes	657	668
Defined contribution schemes	11	6
Other benefits	18	61
Pension deficit liability movement	(474)	131
	4,981	5,410
The average number of employees of the College, excluding Trustees,		2012
on a full time equivalent basis was as follows.	2017	2016
Tuition and research	28	31
College residential	81	78
Fundraising	5	5
Support	21	20
Total	135	134
The average number of employed College Trustees during the year was as follows.		
University Lecturers	19	19
CUF Lecturers	9	12
Other teaching and research	2	2
Other	4	4
Total	34	37

Brasenose College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2017

Redundancy payments are accounted for in the period in which the employee were informed of the decision. Where redundancy costs are uncertain, the figure in the accounts represents a best estimate. These costs are be met through unrestricted funds. No payment were made in the year (£11k 2016)

The following information relates to the employees of the College excluding the College Trustees. Details of the remuneration and reimbursed expenses of the College Trustees is included as a separate note in these financial statements.

The number of employees (excluding the College Trustees) during the year whose gross pay and benefits (excluding employer NI and pension contributions) fell within the following bands was:

£60,001-£70,000 £70,001-£80,001 £80,001-£90,001 £90,001-£100,001 £100,001-£110,001	1 1	1 1 - -
The number of the above employees with retirement benefits accruing was as follows:		
In defined benefits schemes In defined contribution schemes	144 24	144 21
The College contributions to defined contribution pension schemes totalled	£'000	£'000 6

9	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS
9	I ANGIDLE FIXED ASSETS

TANGIBLE TIKES AGGETG				
Group	Freehold land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost				
At start of year	32,696	1,394	1,081	35,171
Additions	1,991	21	62	2,074
At end of year	34,687	1,415	1,143	37,245
Depreciation and impairment				
At start of year	8,422	313	900	9,635
Depreciation charge for the year	596	76	69	741
At end of year	9,018	389	969	10,376
Net book value				
At end of year	25,669	1,026	174	26,869
At start of year	24,274	1,081	181	25,536
College	Freehold	Plant and	Fixtures,	
Contago	land and	machinery	fittings and	
	buildings	aoory	equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost				
At start of year	33,134	1,394	1,081	35,609
Additions	1,995	22	64	2,081
At end of year	35,129	1,416	1,145	37,690
Depreciation and impairment				
At start of year	8,423	313	900	9,636
Charge for the year	603	78	70	751
•				
At end of year	9,026	391	970	10,387
Net book value				
At end of year	26,103	1,025	175	27,303
At start of year	24,711	1,081	181	25,973

The College has substantial long-held historic assets all of which are used in the course of the College's teaching and research activities. These comprise listed buildings on the College site, together with their contents comprising works of art, ancient books and manuscripts and other treasured artefacts. Because of their age and, in many cases, unique nature, reliable historical cost information is not available for these assets and could not be obtained except at disproportionate expense. However, in the opinion of the Trustees the depreciated historical cost of these assets is now immaterial.

10 PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

Group and College	Agricultural £'000	Commercial £'000	Other £'000	2017 Total £'000	2016 Total £'000
Valuation at start of year	14,521	14,610	4,394	33,525	25,755
Additions and improvements at cost / capital expenditure	25	8	1	34	5,642
Disposals net proceeds / capital receipts	(10)	-	(43)	(53)	(273)
Revaluation gains in the year	16	685	44	745	2,401
Valuation at end of year	14,552	15,303	4,396	34,251	33,525

A formal valuation of the Colleges property was undertaken in 2017 by Bidwells. Bidwells assessed the fair value of the colleges portfolio as at 31 July 2017 in accordance with UKVS 1.1 of the RICS valuation - Professional Standards (April 2015).

OTHER INVESTMENTS All investments are held at fair value.					2017	2016
Group investments					£'000	£'000
Valuation at start of year					91,105	77,267
New money invested					23,012	27,208
Amounts withdrawn					(15,681)	(23,105)
Increase in value of investments					13,248	9,735
Group investments at end of year				-	111,684	91,105
Investment in subsidiaries					-	-
College investments at end of year				_	111,684	91,105
Group investments comprise:	Held outside	Held in	2017	Held outside	Held in	2016
	the UK	the UK	Total	the UK	the UK	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equity investments	28,614	56,981	85,595	14,095	52,382	66,477
Global multi-asset funds	9,361	6,016	15,377	14,995	5,384	20,379
Property funds	-	5,548	5,548	-	4,249	4,249
Alternative and other investments	-	5,164	5,164	-	-	-
Total group investments	37,975	73,709	111,684	29,090	62,015	91,105

Group investments include £70,709k of unlisted investments. Unlisted investments can be illiquid and are valued as at 30th June 2017. The June valuation is considered by the Trustees to provide an adequate estimate of value as at 31 July 2017.

12 PARENT AND SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The College holds 100% of the issued share capital in Brasenose Limited, a company providing conference and other event services on the College premises, and which is also authorised to provide design and build construction services to the College.

The results and their assets and liabilities of the parent and subsidiaries at the year end were as follows.

	Brasenose College	Brasenose Limited
	£'000	£'000
Income	11,335	212
Expenditure	(10,412)	(98)
Donation to College under gift aid	113	(113)
Result for the year	1,036	0
Total assets	196,939	222
Total liabilities	(32,086)	(211)
Net funds at the end of year	164,853	11

15

13 STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT TOTAL RETURN

The Trustees have adopted a duly authorised policy of total return accounting for the College investment returns with effect from 1/8/02. The investment return to be applied as income is calculated as 3.5% (2016: 3.5%) (plus costs) of the average of the year-end values of the relevant investments in each of the last five years. For donations to the endowment received within this five year period, income is calculated as 3.5% of the amount received. The amount applied as income for spending is included within the income section of the SOFA on the basis that this gives a clearer understanding of the financial position of the college. The preserved (frozen) value of the invested endowment capital represents its open market value in 2002 together with all subsequent endowments valued at the date of the gift.

	endownient capital represents its open market value in 2002 together with an sub	Permanent Endowment Unapplied Trust for Total		Expendable Endowment	Total Endowments	
		Investment £'000	Return £'000	Total £'000	£'000	£'000
	At the beginning of the year:					
	Gift component of the permanent endowment	50,805	-	50,805	-	50,805
	Unapplied total return	-	58,170	58,170	-	58,170
	Expendable endowment	-			17,028	17,028
	Total Endowments	50,805	58,170	108,975	17,028	125,995
	Movements in the reporting period:					
	Gift of endowment funds	329	-	329	74	403
	Investment return: total investment income	-	1,727	1,727	658	2,385
	Investment return: realised and unrealised gains and losses	-	11,439	11,439	2,556	13,995
	Less: Investment management costs	-	(14)	(14)	(31)	(44)
	Total	329	13,153	13,482	3,256	16,738
	Unapplied total return allocated to income in the reporting period	-	(3,112)	(3,112)	(785)	(3,896)
	Net movements in reporting period	329	10,042	10,371	2,471	12,842
	At end of the reporting period:					
	Gift component of the permanent endowment	51,134	-	51,134	-	51,134
	Unapplied total return	=	68,212	68,212	-	68,212
	Expendable endowment				19,499	19,499
	Total Endowments	51,134	68,212	119,346	19,499	138,845
4	DEBTORS					
			2017	2016	2017	2016
			Group	Group	College	College
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors		368	298	355	253
	Amounts owed by College members		44	43	44	43
	Amounts owed by Group undertakings		-	-	113	102
	Loans repayable within one year		11	10	12	10
	Prepayments and accrued income		3,077	3,069	3,079	3,069
	Other debtors		15	24	16	24
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Amounts owed by College members		1,357	1,466	1,359	1,466
	Amounts owed by College members	_				
		_	4,872	4,910	4,978	4,967
5	CREDITORS: falling due within one year					
			2017	2016	2017	2016
			Group	Group	College	College
			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors		460	377	416	362
	Amounts owed to College Members		42	64	44	60
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings		(5) 88	- 87	82	- 87
	Taxation and social security College contribution		72	67 72	62 72	67 72
	Accruals and deferred income		1,155	686	1,137	636
	Other creditors		113	71	402	-
		_	1,925	1,357	2,153	1,217

16	CREDITORS: falling due after more than one year				
	·	2017	2016	2017	2016
		Group	Group	College	College
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Bank loans	29,000	9,000	29,000	9,000
		29,000	9,000	29,000	9,000

In 2008 the College took out an unsecured bank loan at 4.575% fixed rate repayable in 2049. The College is investing each year in a designated fund to contribute to repayment of this loan in 2048.

In February 2017 the College issued £20m of fixed rate loan notes by private placement, at a fixed interest rate of 2.62%, repayable in 2057.

The Governing Body has allocated £8,000,000 to general funds to finance new student accommodation and £12,000,000 to the endowment.

PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	2017 Group £'000	Group £'000	College £'000	College £'000
At start of year	50	43	50	43
Charged in the Statement of Financial Activities	-	8	-	8
At end of year	50	50	50	50

The above provision relates to an amount that may become payable to a third party institution under the terms of a historic benefactors will.

ANALYSIS OF MOVEMENTS ON FUNDS

ANAL 1313 OF MOVEMENTS ON FUNDS						
	At 1 August	Incoming	Resources		Gains	At 31 July
	2016	resources	expended	Transfers		2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Endowment Funds - Permanent						
Permanent Endowment Fund	89,406	1,713	-	(2,756)	10,321	98,684
Hulme Capital Fund	5,856	113	(7)	(181)	588	6,369
Tutorial/Classics Fellowship Capital Fund	1,537	53	(2)	(47)	154	1,695
Germaine Capital Fund	963	19	(1)	(30)	97	1,047
Lucas Bequest Capital Fund	496	10	(1)	(15)	50	540
Kwai Cheong Graduate Studentship Fund	354	7	0	(11)	35	385
Undergraduate Bursary Capital Fund	1,625	136	(2)	(50)	162	1,871
Jeffery Bequest (Mod Hist) Capital Fund	150	3	0	(5)	15	163
Profumo Capital Fund	106	2	0	(3)	11	115
23 Other Funds for General Purposes	8,473	1	0	(2)	7	8,479
Total Permanent Endowment	108,965	2,056	(14)	(3,101)	11,439	119,346

continued	At 1 August 2016	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Transfers	Gains/ (losses)	At 31 J
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'(
Endowment Funds - Expendable	2000	2000	2 000	2000	2000	
Expendable Endowment (inc legacies) Fund	90	76	0	(3)	9	1
Hector Pilling Capital Fund	1,311	25	(2)	(40)	132	1,4
Fiddian Capital Fund	1,198	23	(1)	(37)	120	1,
Roger Thomas Bequest Cap Fund	1,090	21	(1)	(34)	109	1,
Bedford Capital Fund	963	19	(1)	(30)	93	1,
Curran Capital Fund	639	12	(1)	(20)	64	
Economics Fellowship Capital Fund	1,639	32	(2)	(51)	169	1,
Cashmore Capital Fund	370	18	0	(11)	38	
Garrick Law Fellowship Capital Fund	1,562	30	(2)	(48)	157	1,
Politics Fellowship Capital Fund	1,173	118	(1)	(36)	118	1,
Ellesmere Law Endowment Capital Fund	411	69	0	(13)	41	
Kyprianou Grad Stud Capital Fund	670	13	(1)	(21)	67	
Jeffrey Cheah Fund-Capital Fund	1,500	29	(2)	(46)	151	1
Various Funds for General Purposes	4,412	247	(16)	(396)	1,286	5
Total Expendable Endowment Funds	17,028	732	(31)	(785)	2,555	19
Total Endowment Funds - College	125,993	2,788	(44)	(3,885)	13,995	138
Endowment funds held by subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Endowment Funds - Group	125,993	2,788	(44)	(3,885)	13,995	138
•	120,000	2,700	(++)	(0,000)	10,000	100
Restricted Funds	266			_		
Deferred Capital Fund		-	-		-	
Fiddian Income Fund	219	-	(20)	37	-	
Germaine Income Fund	14 17	-	(28)	30	-	
Hector Pilling Income Fund		16	(38)	40	-	
Peter Moores Chinese Bus Stud Fund	(0) 24	58	- (6)	-	-	
Major Gifts Restricted Campaign Fund		56	(6)	-	-	
Barry Nicholas Income Fund	12	106	-	4	-	
Student Support Annual Fund	2.752		(4.754)	(6)		2
Old Cloisters Library Project	3,753 21	74	(1,754)	- 11	-	
Kwai Cheong Grad Studentship Income Fund		-	(13)	50	-	
Undergraduate Bursary Income Fund	(0)	-	(27)	50 27	-	
Kyprianou Grad Stud Income Fund	25	-	(27)	16	-	
5 funds for Student Support	25 15	29	(5)	4	-	
2 funds to support Archive and Library 7 funds to support Tutorial Fellowships	36	29	(4) 0	230	-	
Other minor funds	212	92	(34)	6	-	
Total Restricted Funds - College	4,614	374	(1,909)	450		3
Restricted funds held by subsidiaries		-	-			
Total Restricted Funds - Group	4,614	374	(1,909)	450		3
Unrestricted Funds						
Loan Repayment Fund	305	-	-	-	-	
Roger Thomas Bequest Income Fund	155	-	-	34	-	
Reynolds Prize Inc Fund	5	-	-	0	-	
Thomas & Jones Inc Fund	8	-	-	1	-	
Global History of Capitalism		35	-	-	-	
Benefactions Income Fund	-	-	- (050)	2	-	
Hulme Income Fund	-	72	(253)	181	-	
Bedford Income Fund Michael Woods Income Fund	155 3	-	- (2)	30	-	
Unrestricted/Greatest Need Annual Fund	3	280	(3) (157)	(0)	-	
Unrestricted Campaign Fund		130	(137)			
JCR Dilapidation Fund	7	1	0	_	_	
HCR Dilapidation Fund	10	1	-	_	-	
BNC Australia Scholarship Income Fund	2	-	(4)	2	-	
Delafield Fund	36	50	-	-	-	
Lecture Room XI		1,500	-	-	-	1
Total designated funds	686	2,069	(416)	250		2
General funds	18,089	6,265	(7,933)	3,185	-	19
Pension reserve	172	<u> </u>				
Total Unrestricted Funds - College	18,947	8,333	(8,349)	3,435	-	22
Total funds - College	149,554					164
Unrestricted funds held by subsidiaries	-	212	(211)	-	-	
Total Unrestricted Funds - Group	18,947	8,545	(8,561)	3,435		22
					13 005	
Total Funds	149,554	11,707	(10,513)	(0)	13,995	164,

19 **FUNDS OF THE COLLEGE DETAILS**

The following is a summary of the origins and purposes of each of the Funds

Endowment Funds - Permanent:

Grimbaldson Capital Fund

A consolidation of gifts and donations which comprise the historic endowment of the College, and which the Permanent Endowment Fund

Governing Body considers to be permanent endowment

Hulme Capital Fund Capital balance of past donations from the Hulme (Educational) Trust in Manchester, which are given for the

general purposes of the College A consolidation of gifts and donations

Somerset Thornhill Capital Fund 1686 capital balance of past donations for general purposes

Tutorial/Classics Fellowship Fund A 2009/10 fund in support of Tutorial Fellowships.

Germaine Capital Fund 1972 Will Trust Fund to support scholarships for Home/EU graduates

Humphries Capital Fund 1952 Will Trust Fund to support scholarships

Heath Harrison Capital Fund Capital balance of a past donation to suport the general purposes of the College

Lucas Bequest Capital Fund To support a Junior Research Fellow/research activities

Somerset Iver Capital Fund 1686 for general purposes John Watson Capital Fund 1899 for general purposes

Kwai Cheong Graduate Studentship Fd Collins Capital Fund 2009/10 to fund a Dphil studentship for a student preferably from China

1939 for general purposes

Undergraduate Bursary Fund A 2010/11 to support undergraduate bursaries

Jeffery Bequest Capital Fund 1975 to support the publication of learned works, and/or an exhibition in History Profumo Capital Fund 1940 to suport extra-curricular activities of undergraduates of educational benefit

Endowment Funds - Expendable:

Hector Pilling Capital Fund 1988 to support graduate scholarships/studentships preferably RAF/Commonwealth

Stallybrass Bequest Capital Fund 1948 to support the teaching of law

Trust Fund Surplus Income Capital Fd

Capitalised balance of past surplus income for general purposes

For the support of undergraduate/graduate students from Monmouth/Haberdashers Schools Fiddian Capital Fund

Roger Thomas Bequest Capital Fund For the furtherance of education Bedford Capital Fund 1996 bequest for general purposes

1965 supports the Curran Tutor in Physiology Curran Capital Fund

Stallybrass Memorial Capital Fund Consolidation of donations raised by the Brasenose Society in 1949, for general purposes

Peters Capital Fund For general purposes

Economics Fellowship Fund For the endowment of a Fellowship in economics Cashmore Capital Fund Valedictory fund in name of former Principal for bursaries

Garrick Law Fellowship Capital Fund For the endowment of a Fellowship in law For the endowment of a Fellowship in politics Politics Fellowship Capital Fund Ellesmere Law Endowment Capital Fund For the support of teaching and research in law

Kyprianou Graduate Studentship Fund Donated funds to support a graduate studentship for a Cypriot resident

Jeffrey Cheah Capital Fund Endowment to support the Jeffrey Cheah Fellowships and graduate studentship programmes

Global History of Capitalism Dondated funds to support research project Restricted Funds:

Deferred Capital Fund This fund is amortised over the life time of the relevant capital asset

Peter Moores Fund An income fund which supports the post of the Tutor in Chinese Management Studies. The underlying

endowment funds are held by the University

Major Gifts Restricted Campaign Fund A consolidation of recent donations for restricted purposes

Barry Nicholas Income Fund Anonymous donation in memory of former Principal to support a graduate law scholar intending to practise

at the bar of England & Wales

Student Support Annual Fund Old Cloisters Library Project Regular giving by alumni in support of grant funding to individual students Funds raised to support the Old Cloisters library development project Various Income Funds Various fund which generate income for the related Restricted Income Fund.

Designated Funds

Delafield Fund

Loan repayment fund Unrestricted funds which were set aside in order to repay the loan in 2048. BNC Australia Funds raised and set aside to match-fund the Oxford Australia Scholarship programme

Funds received from the Delafield Trust, which was created by way of a legacy Various The College has designated funds for a variety of purposes, which are currently under review

The General Unrestricted Funds represent accumulated income from the College's activities and other sources that are available for the general purposes of the College.

The College policy is to disclose only the most significant funds individually.

20	ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BETWEEN FUNDS	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	2017 Total
	2017	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Tangible fixed assets	23,310	3,559	-	26,869
	Property investments	-	-	34,251	34,251
	Other investments	332		111,352	111,684
	Net current assets	16,606	(29)	5,243	21,820
	Long term liabilities	(17,882)		(12,000)	(29,882)
		22,366	3,530	138,846	164,742
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Endowment	2016
		Funds	Funds	Funds	Total
	2016	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Tangible fixed assets	23,715	1,821	-	25,536
	Property investments	-	-	33,525	33,525
	Other investments	304	-	90,801	91,105
	Net current assets	5,310	2,795	1,669	9,774
	Long term liabilities	(10,386)		<u> </u>	(10,386)
		18,943	4,616	125,995	149,554

Brasenose College Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 July 2017

21 TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION

Trustees of the college fall into the following categories:

The Principal

Tutorial and Official Fellows, who either undertake teaching and research duties under the terms of their contract of employment with the College or who are officers of the college

Professorial Fellows

Those Supernumerary Fellows who have been elected to Governing Body.

No trustee receives any remuneration for acting as a trustee. However, those trustees who are also employees of the college receive salaries for their work as employees. These salaries are paid on external academic and academic-related scales and often are joint arrangements with the University of Oxford. Remuneration is set on the basis of the advice of the College's Remuneration Committee, members of which are Fellows not in receipt of remuneration from the College. Where possible, remuneration is set in line with that awarded to the University's academic staff. The composition of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the section on Governing Body, Officers and Advisers.

All Tutorial and Official Fellows are eligible for a Housing Allowance, which is disclosed within the salary figures below, unless they live in accommodation provided by the College.

Some trustees receive additional allowances for additional work carried out as part time college officers (such as the Dean, Tutor for Graduates, Vice Principal, Fellow Librarian). These amounts are included within the remuneration disclosed below. The total remuneration and taxable benefits as shown below is £1,484k (2016 £1,477k).

Remuneration paid to trustees

•				2017		2016
Trustee Name	Salary	Pension	Benefits	Total	Trustee Name	Total £
Mr John Bowers	102,183	18,393	10,127	129,341	Mr John Bowers	100,055
Mr Philip Parker	88,030	15,845	10,127	102.702	Prof Alan Bowman	22.159
Dr Simon Smith	63,009	13,037	10,464	85,544	Mr Philip Parker	100,933
Dr Liz Miller	60,991	10,978	10,404	71,156	Dr Simon Smith	84,299
Dr David Groiser	36,866	8,331	14,825	60,022	Dr Alan Strathern	73.611
	38,926	8,702		59,884	Dr Liz Miller	70,446
Dr Simon Palfrey Mr William Swadling	36,866	8,331	13,244 13,163	58,360		
· ·					Dr Simon Palfrey	59,321
Dr Christopher Timpson	36,866	8,331	13,596	58,176	Dr Christopher Timpson	57,487
Dr Llewelyn Morgan	38,926	8,702	11,164	57,804	Dr Llewelyn Morgan	57,241
Dr Ed Bispham	36,866	8,331	11,164	56,361	Mr William Swadling	56,178
Dr Abigail Green	36,866	8,331	11,164	55,744	Dr Abigail Green	55,201
Dr Alan Strathern	37,351	8,418	9,416	54,562	Dr David Groiser	54,896
Prof Adam Perry	32,764	7,592	9,596	49,390	Dr Ed Bispham	54,896
Dr Sos Eltis	27,649	6,672	9,416	43,243	Prof Richard Cooper	54,126
Dr David Popplewell	26,247	4,724	-	27,875	Dr Sos Eltis	42,774
Prof Conrad Nieduzynski	9,868	3,471	13,720	26,802	Dr Dave Leal	41,059
Dr Thomas Krebs	9,868	3,471	13,514	26,596	Rev Dr Dominic Keech	30,003
Dr Mark Wilson	9,868	3,471	13,491	26,573	Dr Rui Esteves	29,797
Dr Christopher McKenna	9,868	3,471	13,304	26,386	Dr David Popplewell	27,693
Dr Harvey Burd	9,868	3,471	13,244	26,326	Dr Thomas Krebs	26,396
Dr Eamonn Gaffney	9,868	3,471	13,224	26,306	Dr Mark Wilson	26,373
Prof Andrea Ruggeri	9,868	3,471	11,972	25,054	Dr Christopher McKenna	26,186
Dr Owen Lewis	9,868	3,471	11,624	24,706	Dr Harvey Burd	26,126
Prof Konstantin Ardakov	9,581	3,419	11,790	24,537	Dr Eamonn Gaffney	26,106
Prof Jonathan Jones	9,868	3,471	11,164	24,246	Dr Owen Lewis	24,462
Dr Giles Wiggs	9,868	3,471	10,999	24,081	Prof Jonathan Jones	24,046
Dr Jeremy Robertson	9,868	3,471	10,814	23,896	Prof Konstantin Ardakov	23,976
Prof Ronald Daniel	9,868	3,471	10,814	23,896	Dr Giles Wiggs	23.837
Dr Rui Esteves	9,868	3,471	10,115	23,454	Dr Jeremy Robertson	23,688
Rev Judith Brown	15,301	4,169	7,860	23.161	Prof Ronald Daniel	23.688
Dr Eric Thun	9,868	3,471	9,416	22,498	Dr Eric Thun	22,254
Dr Elias Dinas	9,032	3,321	9,416	21,523	Dr Elias Dinas	20,987
Dr lan Kiaer	7,308	2,728	7,847	15,155	Prof Andrea Ruggeri	16,009
Dr Robert Fender	9,868	1,776	2,997	14,510	Prof Conrad Nieduzynski	12,983
Rev Dr Dominic Keech	10,764	1,938	270	12,828	Dr Robert Fender	11,658
Dr Ferdinand Rauch	9,303	1,675	270	11,124	Dr Ferdinand Rauch	10,693
Prof Elspeth Garman	10.300	1,075	-	10,300	Prof Elspeth Garman	10,093
Prof Gianni Zifarelli	8,516	1,533		9,935	Prof Gianni Zifarelli	
	6,078	1,373	2,269	9,618	Dr Thomas Johansen	9,541
Prof Richard Cooper						7,890
Prof Geoff Bird	5,756	1,036	1,678	5,756	Dr Anne Davies	4,990
Dr Sonali Nag	-	-	2,232	2,232	Prof Guy Houlsby	1,792
Prof William James	-	-	1,398	1,398	Prof William James	1,434
Prof Guy Houlsby	-	-	1,398	1,398	Dr Anne Edwards	-
Dr Anne Edwards	-	-	-	-	Prof Paul Klenerman	-
Prof Anne Davies	-	-	-	-	Prof Nicholas Purcell	-
Prof Birke Haecker	-	-	-	-	Prof Stefan Vogenauer	-
Prof Paul Klenerman	-	-	-	-		
Prof Nicholas Purcell	-	-	-	-		
Mr S Shogry		-				
	940,365	216,280	354,179	1,484,455	Total	1,477,527

Other transactions with trustees

No trustee claimed expenses for any work performed in discharge of duties as a trustee

22 PENSION SCHEMES

Pension Scheme Provisions

Brasenose College is a member of the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme (OSPS), these are multi-employer pension schemes both of which are in deficit. The College has recognised a provision for its commitments under the agreed deficit reduction plans for each scheme, in calculating these provisions the College has estimated that salary expense will increase at 2.4–4.4% p.a. and the liability is discounted at a 15 year corporate bond rate of 1.55% (2016: 1.4%). A sensitivity analysis to changes in salary and discount rate changes is shown below.

Pension Schemes

The College participates in two principal pension schemes for its staff - the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme (OSPS). The schemes are contributory defined benefit schemes (i.e. they provide benefits based on length of service and pensionable salary) and until April 2016 were contracted out from the State Second Pension Scheme. The assets of USS and OSPS are each held in separate trustee-administered funds. The schemes are multi–employer schemes and the University is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of each scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore, in accordance with the accounting standard FRS 102 paragraph 28.11, the College accounts for the schemes as if they were defined contribution schemes. As a result, the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the contributions payable to the schemes in respect of the accounting period.

In the event of the withdrawal of any of the participating employers in USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot be otherwise recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participating employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

However, in OSPS the amount of any pension funding shortfall in respect of any withdrawing participating employer will be charged to that employer.

The College has made available the National Employment Savings Trust for non-employees who are eligible under automatic enrolment regulations to pension benefits

Qualified actuaries periodically value the USS and OSPS schemes using the 'projected unit method', embracing a market value approach. The resulting levels of contribution take account of actuarial surpluses or deficits in each scheme. The financial assumptions were derived from market conditions prevailing at the valuation date. The results of the latest actuarial valuations and the assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the latest valuations and the determination of the contribution levels are for the two schemes shown in the following table

and the determina	ation of the contribution levels are for the	USS	OSPS
Date of valuation:		31/03/2014	31/03/2016
Date valuation results	published:	24/07/2015	28/04/2017
Value of liabilities:		£46.9bn	£661m
Value of assets:		£41.6bn	£/528m
Funding surplus / (def	icit):	(£5.3bn) ^a	(£133m) ^b
Principal assumptions	:		
•	Investment return	5.2% pa ^c	-
•	Rate of interest (periods up to retirement)		'Gilts' + 1.2% pa
•	Rate of interest (periods up after retirement)		'Gilts' + 1.2% pa
•	Rate of increase in salaries	RPI + 1% pa ^d	RPI + 1% pa
•	Rate of increase in pensions	CPI pa ^d	Average RPI/CPI pa
Mortality assumptions	:		
•	Assumed life expectancy at age 65 (males)	24.2 yrs	22.4 yrs
•	Assumed life expectancy at age 65 (females)	26.3 yrs	24.7 yrs
Funding Ratios:			
•	Technical provisions basis	89%	80%
•	Statutory Pension Protection Fund basis	82%	67%
•	'Buy-out' basis	54%	42%
•	Estimated FRS 102 Total Funding level	77%	82%
Recommended emplo salaries):	yer's contribution rate (as % of pensionable	18% ^e	23% decreasing to 19% from 01/08/2017 ^f
Effective date of next	valuation:	31/03/2017	31/03/2019

a. USS's actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2014 takes into account the revised benefit structure effective 1 April 2016 agreed both by the Joint Negotiating Committee and the Trustee in July 2015 following the Employers' consultation which concluded in June 2015. Key changes agreed include: for Final Salary section members, the benefits built up to 31 March 2016 were calculated as at that date using pensionable salary and pensionable service immediately prior to that date and going forwards will be revalued in line with increases in official pensions (currently CPI); all members accrue a pension of 1/75th and a cash lump sum of 3/75ths of salary each year of service in respect of salary up to a salary threshold, initially £55,000 p.a., with the threshold applying from 1 October 2016; member contributions are 8% of salary; a defined contribution benefit for salary above the salary threshold at the total level of 20% of salary in excess of the salary threshold; and optional additional contributions payable into the defined contribution section from 1 October 2016 of which the first 1% of salary is matched by the employer Further details about the changes may be reviewed on USS' website, www.uss.co.uk. For the period up to 1 April 2016 the employer deficit contribution was 0.7% p.a. of salaries based on the assumptions made. After allowing for those changes, the actuary established a long term employer contribution rate of 18% pa of salaries for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2031. On the assumptions made and with the salary threshold and defined contribution section implemented this gives rise to deficit contributions of at least 2.1% p.a of salaries. At 31 March 2016 USS reported that the funding deficit was £10.0 bn (83% funded). The valuation as at 31 March 2017 is underway.

b. OSPS' actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2016 identified a required long-term employer contribution rate of 17.3% of total pensionable salaries, with a funding deficit of £133 m. The valuation results reflect a number of changes to benefits that were agreed following an Employers' consultation in early 2017, including from 1 April 2017 a change in indexation based on the average of RPI and CPI, from 1 October 2017 a defined contribution section for new entrants and from 1 April 2018 breaking the final salary link for certain members and increased employee contributions. The actuary has certified that the recovery plan should eliminate the deficit by 30 June 2027. The next triennial valuation is due with an effective date of 31 March 2019.

- c. USS' actuary has assumed that the investment return is 5.2% in year 1, decreasing linearly to 4.7% over 20 years.
- d. USS' actuary has assumed that general pay growth will be CPI in year 1, CPI + 1% in year 2 and RPI + 1% pa thereafter. It is assumed that CPI is based on the RPI assumption (market derived price inflation of 3.6% p.a less an inflation risk premium) less RPI/CPI gap of 0.8% p.a.

- e. As noted above (note a) the USS employer contribution rate is 18% of salaries from 1 April 2016. Prior to that date it was 16% of salaries. The total employer contributions include provisions for the cost of future accrual of defined benefits (DB) (net of member contributions to the DB section), deficit contributions, administrative expenses of 0.4% of salaries and from the implementation of the salary threshold the employer contribution towards defined contribution benefits including employer matching contributions and certain investment management costs relating to the DC section.
- f. As noted above (note b), the OSPS employer contribution rate required for future service benefits in the defined benefit section alone is 17.3% of total pensionable salaries from 1 April 2018. The employer contribution rate was 23% from 1 August 2016 to 31 July 2017. It was agreed that employer contribution rate would be 19% for both defined benefits members and defined contributions members who join on or after 1 October 2017. Part of contribution for defined contribution members would be paid to the defined benefit section to cover the deficit recovery plan, the provision of ill-health and death-in service benefits and the expenses of administering the defined contribution section.

Sensitivity of actuarial valuation assumptions

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the University's future contribution commitment. The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below:

assumptions used to measure the seneme habilities			
Assumption	Change in	npact on USS abilities	
Initial discount rate	increase / reduce by 0).25%	
Discount rate in 20 years' time	increase / reduce by 0.25%		
RPI inflation	increase / reduce by 0.1%		
Rate of mortality	more prudent assumption (mortality used at last valuation, rated down by further year)		

OSPS

Assumption	Change in assumption	Impact on OSPS technical provisions
	(from 80% funded at	31/03/2016)
Valuation rate of interest	decrease by 1.0%	68%
Rate of pension increases	increase by 1.0%	69%
Life expectancy	more prudent assumption (life expectancy increases by 3 years)	72%

Deficit Recovery Plans

In line with FRS 102 paragraph 28.11A, the College has recognised a liability for the contributions payable for the agreed deficit funding plan. The principle assumptions used in these calculations are tabled below:

	OSPS	USS
Finish Date for Deficit Recovery Plan	30/06/2027	31/03/2031
Average staff number increase	2.4-4.4%	2.4-4.4%
Average staff salary increase	2.00%	2.00%
Average discount rate over period	1.40%	1.75%
Effect of 0.5% change in discount rate	£1.4m	£5.8m
Effect of 1% change in staff growth	£2.9m	£12.5m

For USS a provision of £593k has been made at 31 July 2017 (2016 - £542k) for the present value of the estimated future deficit funding element of the contributions payable under this agreement. In determining the level of this provision it has been assumed that the College will continue to have a constant level of employee participation in this scheme and that the relevant earnings of these employees will increase in line with the actuary's projected long-term salary rate increases.

For OSPS a provision of £560k has been made at 31 July 2017 (2016 - £813k) for the present value of the estimated future deficit funding element of the contributions payable under this agreement. In determining the level of this provision it has been assumed that the College will continue to have a constant level of employee participation in this scheme and that the relevant earnings of these employees will increase in line with the actuary's projected long-term salary rate increases.

Pension charge for the year

The pension charge recorded by the College during the accounting period (excluding pension finance costs) was equal to the contributions payable after allowance for the deficit recovery plan as follows:

Scheme	2017	2016
	£000's	£000's
Universities Superannuation Scheme	511	384
University of Oxford Staff Pension Scheme	-208	447
Other schemes – contributions	11	15
Total	314	846

No pension contributions were payable at the balance sheet date (2016: nil)

A copy of the full actuarial valuation report and other further details on the scheme are available on the relevant website: www.uss.co.uk , www.nhsbsa.nhs.uk/Pensions , www1.admin.ox.ac.uk/finance/epp/pensions/schemes/osps , www.saul.org.uk .

23 TAXATION

The College is able to take advantage of the tax exemptions available to charities from taxation in respect of income and capital gains received to the extent that such income and gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes. No liability to corporation tax arises in the College's subsidiary company because the directors of this company have indicated that they intend to make donations each year to the College equal to the taxable profits of the company under the Gift Aid scheme. Accordingly no provision for taxation has been included in the financial statements.

24 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The financial statements include the following in respect of items held at amortised cost:

	2017			2016		
	Income £'000	Expense £'000	Gains / (losses) £'000	Income £'000	Expense £'000	Gains / (losses) £'000
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost See Notes 6 and 16	-	576	-	-	413	-

25	RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOMING RESOURCES TO		
20	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS	2017	2016
		Group	Group
		£'000	£'000
	Net income	15,187	15,859
	Elimination of non-operating cash flows:		
	Investment income	(2,484)	(2,671)
	Gains in investments	(13,995)	(12,140)
	Endowment donations	(403)	(2,053)
	Financing costs	576	413
	Depreciation	742	673
	Decrease in stock	3	(11)
	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	43	(2,250)
	Decrease/(Increase) in creditors	568	298
	Increase in provisions	-	8
	(Decrease)/Increase in pension scheme liability	(504)	172
	Net cash used in operating activities	(266)	(1,703)
26	ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2017	2016
		£'000	£'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	11,661	3,006
	Notice deposits (less than 3 months)	7,000	3,000
	Total cash and cash equivalents	18,661	6,006

27 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The College had no annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 31 July 2017 or 31 July 2016.

28 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The College had contracted commitments at 31 July for future capital projects totalling £0k (2016 - £1,216k).

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The College is part of the collegiate University of Oxford. Material interdependencies between the University and of the College arise as a consequence of this relationship. For reporting purposes, the University and the other Colleges are not treated as related parties as defined in FRS 102.

Members of the Governing Body, who are the trustees of the College and related parties as defined by FRS 102, receive remuneration and facilities as employees of the College. Details of these payments and reimbursed expenses as trustees are disclosed separately in these financial statements.

12 trustees had loans outstanding from the College, under the Assisted Housing Scheme, at the start and/or the end of the year, with a total value of £1,359k (2016 £1,466k).

The number of loans outstanding at 31 July with the balances in the following bands were as follows:

	£'000	£'000
£10,000 - £10,999	0	0
£99,000 - £99,999	1	1
£100,000 - £100,999	0	0
£103,000 - £103,999	1	1
£104,000 - £104,999	2	2
£107,000 - £107,999	0	1
£110,000 - £110,999	1	1
£116,000 - £116,999	1	1
£117,000 - £117,999	1	1
£118,000 - £118,999	1	1
£121,000 - £121,999	4	4

Interest is charged at 4% below the official rate of interest or 1%, whichever is the lower, currently 1%. All loans are repayable on retirement or on ceasing to be an Official Fellow of the College, and are secured on the property.

30 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 July 2017 or 31 July 2016.

31 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There are no post balance sheet events that require disclosure.

The value of the College's investments in securities has risen since 31 July in line with market conditions and currency movements. As the majority of these investments are endowment which will be held for the long term, the College considers that the volatility will not result in a significant impact on the college's financial position.

2017

2016